

**COST OF LEGISLATION.**—In referring to the article published a few days since, relative to the voting down of Mr. McCall's resolution to get at the expense of the present Legislature, the Ohio State Journal says "it has been usual to adopt such resolutions of inquiry, but the enormous expense of the past session would startle the people, if put forth in an official shape, and hence the Locofoco members very emphatically voted it down. We think the expense for clerks, assistants, sergeant-at-arms and assistants, &c., will be found to be something over TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS! The entire expense of the members, and for clerks, assistants, printing, &c., will considerably exceed ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS! At all events, the tax payers are made to bleed very freely in this behalf, far more than at any session heretofore. The printing item will loom up among the tens of thousands. But this was a part of the game. It was the 'fruits of a Democratic victory' and the new constitution was trampled under foot, the last grab at the treasury must be a long and deep one. There are matters enough to occupy considerable time and space on this topic before the campaign closes. Somebody will be compelled to 'face the music' where they have no room to dodge."

**COMMENDABLE.**—The New York Sun says that for the past three years, the Messrs. Hoe & Co., the eminent printing press manufacturers, have maintained at their own expense an evening school for the instruction of their apprentices and employees, in Mathematics, the Exact Sciences, Mechanical Drawing, the French and English languages, &c. Every one of their apprentices is required to give punctual attendance at the school, which is also open to admit such adult members of the establishment, as may choose to attend. A course of Lectures on Experimental Philosophy is in course of delivery before this interesting class of students, by Prof. Hyatt. The increased intelligence of the young workmen doubtless compensates the proprietors for the expense of their instruction.

**SCOTT IN WISCONSIN.**—In reply to the statement in the Buffalo Commercial, that the Wisconsin delegates to the Whig National Convention are in favor of Mr. Fillmore's nomination, the Milwaukee Sentinel says the delegation from Wisconsin "were uncommitted at first, and their vote was to be, and is to be, cast for that one, among the array of leading Whigs, who, all things considered, will most surely lead on the hosts of the party to victory. Should anything occur to place Mr. Fillmore in that position, the delegation might cast a unanimous vote for him; but we venture to assure the Commercial, that there is no future event more certain, than that General Scott will receive the vote of Wisconsin."

**A NOBLE LADY.**—Among the colored emigrants that were to sail from Baltimore on Saturday last, was a colored man, belonging to a lady of Virginia, who sends him out to see the prospects of the country, and to return and report to her, if favorable or unfavorable to taking up his residence there, if favorable, she will then manumit about fifty of her slaves, with the requirement that they shall go out to the land of their fathers, and enjoy the liberties which are offered them, all their expenses being paid by her.

**RUSSIAN CLEMENCY.**—Letters from Warsaw, received by the Niagara, state that the Czar has shown mercy—Imperial mercy, to a number of Polish noblemen now in Siberia, whither they were sent, with many others who have since died, in 1824. The unhappy men are to come back to what was their home, but not a farthing of the revenue of their estates will they be allowed to handle. The government having long since appropriated the whole as rewards to its military and civil employees.

**ORANGE ORANGE PLANTS.**—There are said to be many miles of hedges of this plant in Illinois, and D. F. Kinney, in the Philadelphia Prairie Farmer, says there are some hedges in the vicinity of Galesburg, only two years old that were considered sufficiently strong to resist all attempts of animals to get through them. The Overmans, nurserymen in Fulton county, in that State, were informed, have two million Orange Orange plants for sale.

**GERMAN IMMIGRATION AT NEW YORK.**—The arrival of immigrants from Germany, at New York, this season, has been very large and of a superior character, as a general means. The captains of the vessels recently arrived state that all their stowage passengers have brought money in coin and bills of exchange, varying from \$250 to \$400 each. The arrivals of German immigrants during the last three weeks, it is said, have added full \$2,500,000 to the circulation. These immigrants do not remain in New York but seem to be well informed as to the points they ought to take care for, and accordingly they proceed without any unnecessary delay to their destination.

**A GRAND SUMMER EXCURSION.**—Mr. S. Clay King, wife, two daughters, two sons, and three other gentlemen left Savannah, Ga., a few days ago, on a summer excursion to the north, and will not return until the middle of October. They take with them every necessary article for hunting, fishing, sleeping and cooking on the prairies. They will visit Fort Laramie, at the foot of the Rocky Mountains, pass through the hunting ground of the Pawnee, Kansas and Otton Indians, and make the circuit of the broad prairies lying west of Minnesota.

**GRASS UNDER TREES.**—By sowing nitrate of soda in small quantities, in showery weather, under trees, a most beautiful verdure will be obtained. I have used it under beech trees in my grounds, and the grass always looks green. Having succeeded so well on a small scale, I have now sown nitrate of soda among the grass in the plantations, which cattle could never eat. I now find that the herbage is preferred to the other parts of the field, *Tribune*.

**THE FRANKLIN BANK.**—The Franklin Bank of this State has closed its concerns as a Bank, and the firm of Groves & Co., have taken its place. The change is caused by the tax law, the construction among the brokers here being that it imposes less tax on brokers than on Banks. The effect in this case will be to draw out of circulation all the notes issued by the Franklin Bank, a safe and good one, leaving their place to be filled by other banks out of the city, and mostly from other States. The withdrawal of the entire circulation of the Lafayette and Franklin Banks will make quite an opening for the notes of other and distant Banks. *Cin. Gaz.*

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**FRANCH DEPOSED UPON ROME.**—The temporal power of the Pope in danger.—In the foreign advices lately we have several times spoken of the arrival of Prince Camillo Bonaparte at Civita Vecchia, and more lately his return to Paris has been recorded, with the statement that the Pope refused him permission to enter Rome, though the Prince claimed only a desire to see his family there, and attend to some private business. The correspondent of the New York Times, however, writing from Turin, April 14th, puts a more serious aspect on the visit of the Prince, as follows:

I wrote, also, that this unexpected visit of the ex-President of the Roman Assembly, was connected with the future political conduct of the Prince President of France. The following astonishing fact will fully corroborate my former assertions. A few days past, a Signor Calandrelli, a high officer of the Sardinian Government, residing in Turin, read, at the end of a letter apparently addressed to himself from Paris, the signature of the ex-President of France, with whom he had never had any acquaintance, but his wonder increased still more from the contents of the letter. The writer announced that his father had been sent to Rome by the President of the French Republic, upon a very important mission; and invited Signor Calandrelli to start immediately for Paris. The reader, after a careful perusal of the letter and of the address, discovered that it was for the ex-Minister of War of the Roman Republic, and dispatched to him the paper, with preliminary excuses for the error, resulting from the identity of the names. In fact, the Secretary of War of the Roman Republic resided in Turin, and following the advice of the writer, left immediately for Paris.

From this fact, which I gathered from an official source, and from various rumors which circulate in the diplomatic circles, announcing that the Emperor Napoleon is the point of publishing a Decree greater than the Imperial Scheme, you may be certain that Pius IX is in danger of losing his temporal power, and the Papal Government will be entrusted to one of Bonaparte's family.

**GEN. CASS AND COM. STOCKTON.**—The *Mon. (Ga.) Telegraph*, a Democratic paper of much influence, has commenced a "Gallery of Living Foes." No. 1 opens with portraits of Gen. Cass and Commodore Stockton, and, as our readers may wish to see how a Democratic artist (evidently of the "Young America" party) treats his subjects, we give the following as a specimen of his ability:

"Gen. Cass, in *par excellence*, the Old Dog of the American Senate. After him, but immediately behind him, comes Commodore Stockton, having, though in inferior development, many of those qualities which have gained for the Michigan Senator the title of 'His most unapproachable neighbor.' Like Gen. Cass, Commodore Stockton is unimpeachably respectable, and venerably stupid—gracious beyond precedent, and glib without doubt. Indebted for his position solely to his wealth, pampered by a long course of flattery and good dinners, a great man in a small neighborhood, he has all the elements of prosiness, dignity and dullness, 'so mixed in him that nature may stand up and say to all the world, this is a dog!'"

**MORE THAN WAS ASKED FOR.**—A singular trial has grown out of a spiritual communication, made through a couple of mediums who lived down in the town of New Berlin, Chenango county, and offered their services in transmitting dispatches to and from the spirit world. A gentleman who sought their good offices, in company with several others, required to be told of the condition of his deceased paternal ancestor, and the answer was given that his father was quite happy in the sphere beyond, and felt no regret at parting with the outer world; for in his mundane existence he had suffered cruel treatment at the hands of his son, (the questioner), who had beaten and chained him, and practiced other afflicting indignities upon him. The gentleman denied the harsh imputation, declared himself altogether innocent, and sought redress at the hands of the courts, by bringing an action of libel, not against his "father's spirit," but upon the offending mediums, who had either too faithfully transmitted the message or meddled in a matter too delicate for their attention. The case is still pending; but the Chenango Telegraph says there are reports that the testimony elicited at the primary investigation rather than the result of a subsequent dispatch.—The mediums were held to bail to answer the charge of libel.—*Rochester Democrat*.

**Clarion county, Pa.** (north-east corner of Pittsburgh) is distinguished for iron ore and Locofoco majorities. Its usual mark is 1,000 majority for Polk, Cass, &c. out of some 4,000 voters, but last Fall yielded up 1,300 for Bigler. The Sheriff of said county offers to sell sixty-nine several parcels of Real Estate on the first of May, including nine furnaces. The Sheriff's description of this property fills nearly six columns of the Clarion Register, the "Democratic" organ. Of course, we see how the editor can stand this, but are not so clear as the iron-workers and farmers.—Shall we say 1,000 or 1,500 majority for you Fall gentlemen! Don't let the editor who pockets the profit of advertising your property at Sheriff's sale dictate your answer.—*Tribune*.

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**INTERVIEW WITH THE HON. HENRY CLAY.**—A correspondent of the New York Express, who visited the room of Mr. Clay, and found him in company with two friends from New York, a few days ago, thus describes his appearance:

"There is hardly strength enough in his hands to convey food to his mouth, and he is helped to eat, and from his bed like a feeble child. He rises very late, and as he told me, has not known for a long time what it was to enjoy an old sweet, refreshing, natural sleep. But like an old forest oak, beautiful even in its decay. The lustre of his eyes is undimmed. He both sees and knows his friends. The grasp of his hand is as fervent, earnest and kindly impressive as ever it was. His voice continues to be all sweetness and melody, except when it is moved by that bodily weakness which makes it painful for him to speak. It is always very painful for him to speak. But the greatest blessing which God vouchsafes to a dying man is his."

"He has that peace of mind which the world can neither give nor take away, and an intellect as unclouded as the day of its greatest brilliancy. Most of his thoughts are devoted to that change of existence from which none of us are exempt, and that change may come in an hour or a day, or it may be postponed until the spring or summer months, and die. In the meantime, Mr. Clay is tranquilly prepared for the messenger whenever he comes, and he remarks of his death in a confident, Christian spirit, that though it may be presumption in him to say so, he looks forward to the world beyond the grave with faith in God, and trust in a better life. He is a member and communicant of the Episcopal Church, and among the few books in his room the word of God occupies the most conspicuous place."

**RAILROAD FACILITIES.**—The advantages resulting from the completion of our Railroad to Cincinnati, may be appreciated by the statement of the following:

On last Thursday, Mr. Wm. West, merchant of this place, took breakfast with his family, went to Cincinnati and purchased a stock of Goods, returned in time to take tea at home, bringing with him a portion of his goods, which he opened, and before he closed his store, had the cash for a part of those brought, in his money drawer!—*Hillsboro' Gaz.*

**CALIFORNIA GOLD.**—It is stated that letters from California to leading banking-houses in Wall street, New York, report the estimate of shipments from California in the first of May steamers at four millions of dollars.

It is pretty certain, if we may credit the "signs of the times," that the greater mass of the Locofoco party repudiate the doings of their brethren at Columbus the past session. A strong member of that party from Columbus, stated to one of our citizens a few days since, that even in his county the Whigs could easily carry the day if an election should come off. His friends there would like an opportunity to rebuke the friends of the new Constitution.—*Tribune & Clipper*.

**DAILY LANCASTER GAZETTE.**—This neat little Daily now comes to us in an enlarged form, and is a dress being printed on new and beautiful type. It is an excellent paper for news, and those of our citizens wishing a paper of that character, would promote their own interests by subscribing for the Gazette. Success to friend George, in pecuniary matters.—*Hocking Sentinel*.

**A CALIFORNIA FORTUNE RECOVERED.**—On Monday, the trunk belonging to Mr. Morrill, of Nashville, containing \$12,000 in gold dust, lost on the Robt. Rogers, was fished up from the bottom of the river. The gold was the total result of two or three years hard labor in California, and the recovery of the trunk was certainly an extra piece of good luck.

**"RELIGIOUS LIBERTY."**—The Philadelphia papers state that, "on Thursday last, Benjamin Passmore and Joseph Passmore, two young men, residents of West Goshen township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, were arrested and placed in prison for refusing to pay military fines. They are members of the Society of Friends."

**John Reynolds, ex-Governor and ex-Member of Congress, of Illinois, is engaged in writing a history of that State, from Marquette's discoveries in 1763 to the year 1818.**

**Col. E. D. Baker, Col. of one of the Illinois regiments in the Mexican war, and since a prominent talker in Congress, has emigrated to California.**

**The Apple Crop.**—The Brookville, (In.) Democrat, of the 30th ult., says if the frost don't nip the apple buds this spring they will have an average crop of that fruit in that part of Indiana.

**A committee of the Virginia Legislature has reported against the adoption of the Maine liquor law.**

**Rev. Dr. King, the American expelled from Greece, was at the last accounts on his way to Constantinople.**

**Mr. Spalding, the circus man, has purchased the steamer North River, at Louisville, for 7,000, to be used as a floating circus.**

**There were 390 deaths in New York last week; of consumption 57; convulsions 37; typhus fever 21; scarlet fever 18.**

**Several free colored persons at Denton, Md., have resolved to emigrate to Liberia, this summer.**

**The ship New World arrived at New York on Monday, with 747 emigrants, from Liverpool.**

**Ripe strawberries were selling in Memphis last week at 50 cents per quart.**

**Mr. Thomas Clay, son of Hon. Henry Clay, has arrived at Washington.**

**Can a man marry his aunt?**—The following amusing scene recently took place in a magistrate's office in London.

"A young man applied to Mr. Currie, and coolly said—Please your worship, I wish to know whether it is lawful for a man to marry his aunt! (A laugh.)

Mr. Currie (smiling)—It is a most extraordinary question. Have you married your aunt?

Applicant—Yes; my mother's sister.—(Laughter.)

Mr. Currie—How old are you?

Applicant—Nineteen.

Mr. Currie—And what age is your wife?

Applicant—Twenty.

Mr. Currie said that such a marriage was certainly illegal according to the Scriptures; and he referred to Leviticus and the common Prayer Book. The wife, a good-looking young woman, here said—Is she a fool; I am willing to do every thing to make him comfortable.

Applicant—I can't live with her, she has got a bad temper.

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